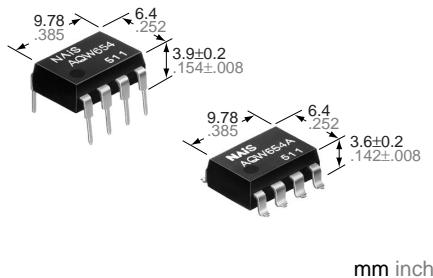


**NAiS**
**HE (High-function Economy)  
Type [2-Channel (Form A  
Form B) Type]**
**PhotoMOS  
RELAYS**

## FEATURES



### 1. Compact 8-pin DIP size

The device comes in a compact (W) 6.4×(L) 9.78×(H) 3.9 mm (W) .252×(L) .385×(H) .154 inch, 8-pin DIP size (through hole terminal type).

### 2. Applicable for 1 Form A 1 Form B use as well as two independent 1 Form A and 1 Form B use

### 3. Controls low-level analog signals

PhotoMOS relays feature extremely low closed-circuit offset voltage to enable control of low-level analog signals without distortion.

### 4. High sensitivity, low ON resistance

Can control a maximum 0.16 A (AQW654) load current with a 5 mA input current. Low ON resistance of 16 Ω (AQW654). Stable operation because there are no metallic contact parts.

### 5. Low-level off state leakage current

The SSR has an off state leakage current of several milliamperes, whereas the PhotoMOS relay has only 100 pA even with the rated load voltage of 400 V (AQW654).

### 6. Low thermal electromotive force (Approx. 1 μV)

## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- High-speed inspection machines
- Data communication equipment
- Telephone equipment

## TYPES

Type	Output rating*		Part No.			Packing quantity	
			Through hole terminal	Surface-mount terminal			
	Load voltage	Load current	Tube packing style	Tape and reel packing style		Tube	Tape and reel
AC/DC	400 V	120 mA	AQW654	AQW654A	AQW654AX	AQW654AZ	1 tube contains 40 pcs. 1 batch contains 400 pcs.

\*Indicate the peak AC and DC values.

Note: For space reasons, the package type indicator "X" and "Z" are omitted from the seal.

## RATING

### 1. Absolute maximum ratings (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

Item		Symbol	AQW654(A)	Remarks
Input	LED forward current	I <sub>F</sub>	50 mA	
	LED reverse voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	3 V	
	Peak forward current	I <sub>FP</sub>	1 A	f = 100 Hz, Duty factor = 0.1%
	Power dissipation	P <sub>in</sub>	75 mW	
Output	Load voltage (peak AC)	V <sub>L</sub>	400 V	
	Continuous load current	I <sub>L</sub>	0.12A (0.16 A)	Peak AC, DC ( ): in case of using only 1 channel )
	Peak load current	I <sub>peak</sub>	0.36 A	A connection: 100 ms (1 shot), V <sub>L</sub> = DC
	Power dissipation	P <sub>out</sub>	800 mW	
Total power dissipation		P <sub>T</sub>	850 mW	
I/O isolation voltage		V <sub>iso</sub>	1,500 V AC	Between input and output/between contact sets
Temperature limits	Operating	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F	Non-condensing at low temperatures
	Storage	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40°C to +100°C -40°F to +212°F	

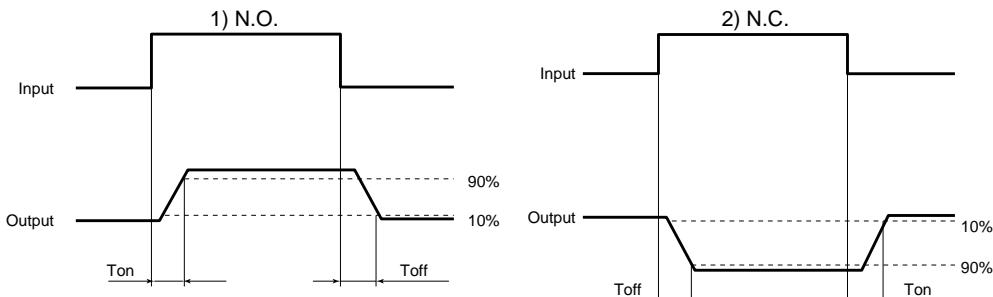
**AQW654**

## 2. Electrical characteristics (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

Item			Symbol	AQW654(A)	Remarks	
Input	LED operate (OFF) current		Typical Maximum	$I_{Fon}$ (N.O.) $I_{Foff}$ (N.C.)	0.9 mA 3 mA	$I_L = 120 \text{ mA}$
	LED reverse (ON) current		Minimum Typical	$I_{Foff}$ (N.O.) $I_{Fon}$ (N.C.)	0.4 mA 0.8 mA	
	LED dropout voltage		Typical Maximum	$V_F$	1.14 V (1.25 V at $I_F = 50 \text{ mA}$ ) 1.5 V	$I_F = 5 \text{ mA}$
Output	On resistance		Typical Maximum	$R_{on}$	10 Ω (N.O.) 11 Ω (N.C.) 16 Ω (N.O.) 16 Ω (N.C.)	$I_F = 5 \text{ mA (N.O.) } I_F = 0 \text{ mA (N.C.)}$ $I_L = 120 \text{ mA}$ Within 1 s on time
	Off state leakage current		Maximum		$I_{Leak}$	
Transfer characteristics	Switching speed	Operate (OFF) time*	Typical Maximum	$T_{on}$ (N.O.) $T_{off}$ (N.C.)	0.8 ms (N.O.) 1.2 ms (N.C.) 2 ms	$I_F = 0 \text{ mA} \rightarrow 5 \text{ mA}$ $I_L = 400 \text{ V}$
		Reverse (ON) time*	Typical Maximum	$T_{off}$ (N.O.) $T_{on}$ (N.C.)	0.04 ms (N.O.) 0.36 ms (N.C.) 1 ms	
	I/O capacitance		Typical Maximum	$C_{iso}$	0.8 pF 1.5 pF	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $V_B = 0$
	Initial I/O isolation resistance		Minimum		$R_{iso}$	

Note: Recommendable LED forward current  $I_F = 5 \text{ mA}$ .

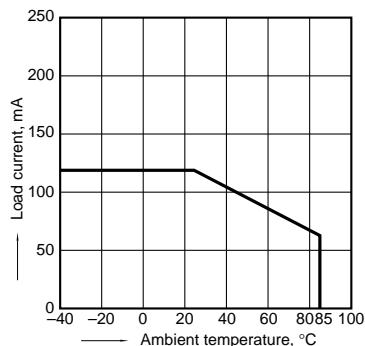
\*Operate/Reverse time



- For Dimensions, see Page 440.
- For Schematic and Wiring Diagrams, see Page 445.
- For Cautions for Use, see Page 449.

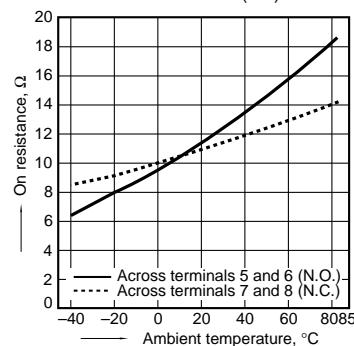
**REFERENCE DATA**

## 1. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Allowable ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C  
-40°F to +185°F

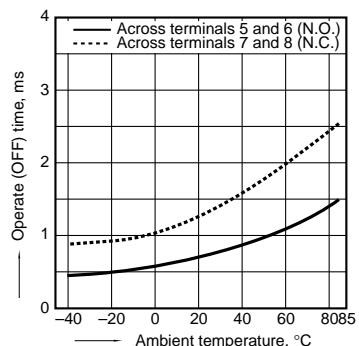
## 2. On resistance vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: 400 V (DC); Continuous load current: 120 mA (DC)



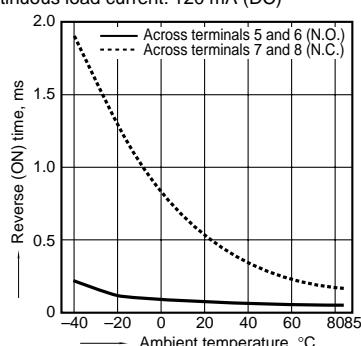
## 3. Operate (OFF) time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: 400 V (DC); Continuous load current: 120 mA (DC)

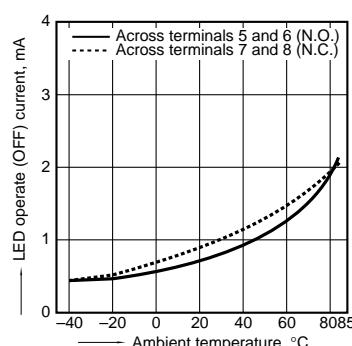


**4. Reverse (ON) time vs. ambient temperature characteristics**

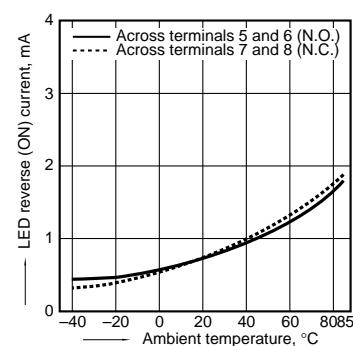
LED current: 5 mA;  
Load voltage: 400 V (DC);  
Continuous load current: 120 mA (DC)

**5. LED operate (OFF) current vs. ambient temperature characteristics**

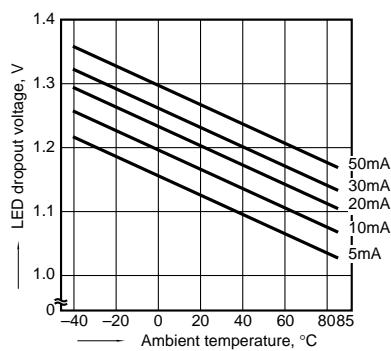
Load voltage: 400 V (DC);  
Continuous load current: 120 mA (DC)

**6. LED reverse (ON) current vs. ambient temperature characteristics**

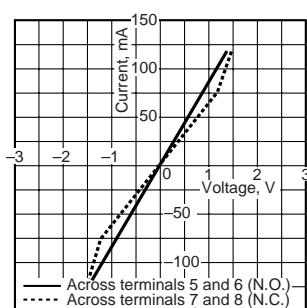
Load voltage: 400 V (DC);  
Continuous load current: 120 mA (DC)

**7. LED dropout voltage vs. ambient temperature characteristics**

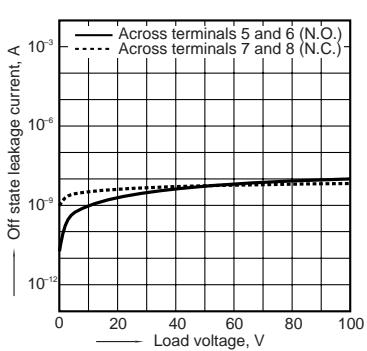
LED current: 5 to 50 mA

**8. Voltage vs. current characteristics of output at MOS portion**

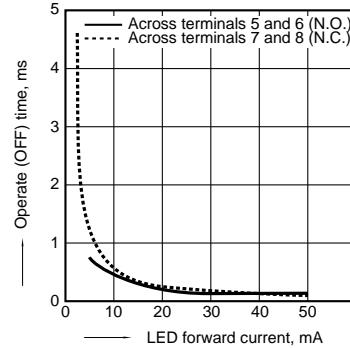
Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F

**9. Off state leakage current**

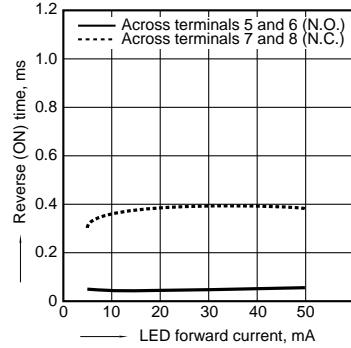
Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F

**10. LED forward current vs. operate (OFF) time characteristics**

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Load voltage: 400 V (DC); Continuous load current: 120 mA (DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F

**11. LED forward current vs. reverse (ON) time characteristics**

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Load voltage: 400 V (DC); Continuous load current: 120 mA (DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F

**12. Applied voltage vs. output capacitance characteristics**

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Frequency: 1 MHz; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F

