

SB-AQ8

# FIS GAS SENSOR SB-AQ8

## for AIR QUALITY CONTROLS (VOCs)

The SB-AQ8 is a tungsten trioxide semiconductor gas sensor which has a very high sensitivity to VOCs, solvents and many other gases. This model is suitable for air quality monitoring for general applications.

### Structure

Gas sensitive semiconductor material is a mini bead type and a heater coil and electrode wire are embedded in the element. The sensing element is installed in the metal housing which has five pin holes on the top. (Fig 1).

### Operating conditions

Fig 2 shows the standard operating circuit for this model. The change of the sensor resistance ( $R_S$ ) is obtained as the change of the output voltage across the fixed or variable resistor ( $R_L$ ). In order to obtain the best performance and specified characteristics, the values of the heater voltage ( $V_H$ ) circuit voltage ( $V_C$ ) and load resistance ( $R_L$ ) must be within the range of values given in the standard operating conditions shown in the Specification table on the next page.

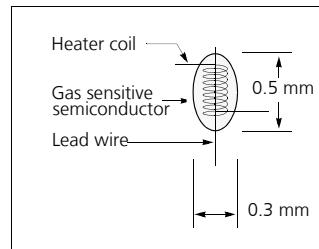


Fig 1a. Sensing element

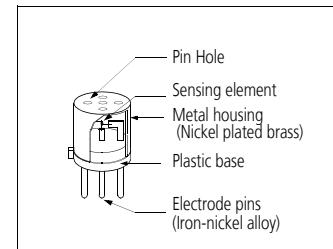


Fig 1b. Configuration

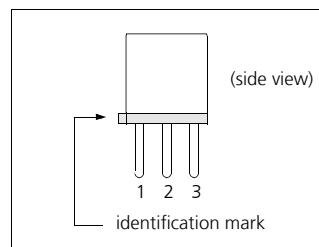


Fig 1c. Pin Layout

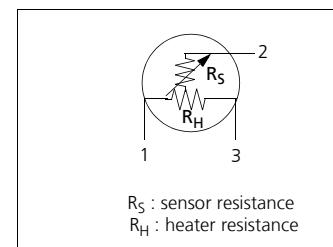


Fig 1d. Equivalent circuit

### Sensitivity characteristics

Fig 3 shows the sensitivity characteristics curves of the SB-AQ8 (typical data). Sensitivity characteristics of the FIS gas sensors are expressed by the relationship between the sensor resistance and gas concentration. The sensor resistance decreases with an increase of gas concentration based on a logarithmic function.

The sensitivity characteristics of the SB-AQ8 is specified by the following parameters.

- Sensor resistance level: in air
- Sensor resistance change ratio: between ethylalcohol 10 ppm and in air

See the specification table on the next page for further details.

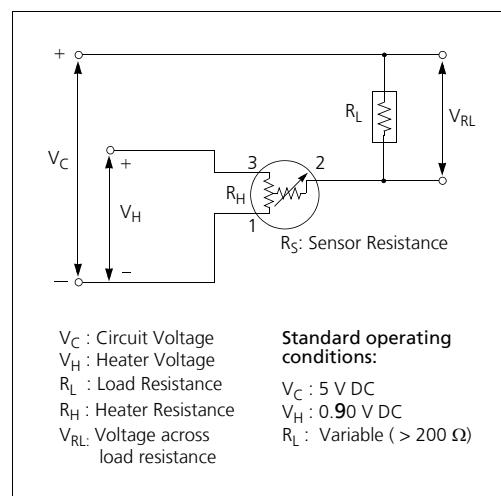


Fig 2. Standard circuit

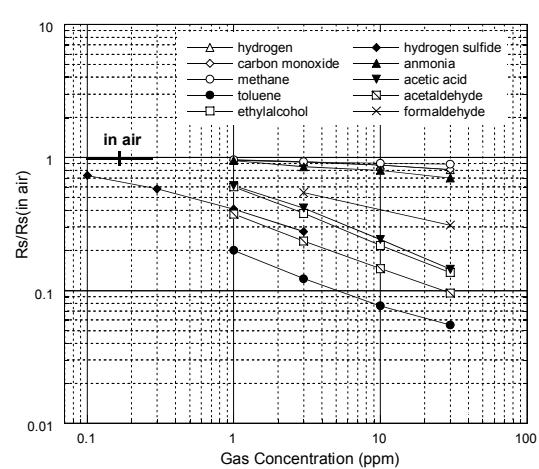


Fig 3. Sensitivity characteristics

SB-AQ8

## Specifications

### A. Standard Operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Specification	Conditions etc.
$V_H$	Heater voltage	$0.90V \pm 5\%$	AC, DC or pulse
$V_C$	Circuit voltage	Less than 5 V	DC: Pin2 (+) - Pin 1 (-)
$R_L$	Load resistance	Variable ( $> 200 \Omega$ )	$P_S < 10 \text{ mW}$
$R_H$	Heater resistance	$2.8 \Omega \pm 0.2\Omega$	at room temperature
$I_H$	Heater current	130 mA	$I_H = V_H / R_H$ (typical value)
$P_H$	Heater power consumption	120 mW	$P_H = V_H^2 / R_H$ (typical value)
$P_S$	Power dissipation of sensing element	Less than 15 mW	$P_S = \frac{(V_C - V_{RL})^2}{R_S}$

### B. Environmental conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Specification	Conditions etc.
Tao	Operating temperature	$0^\circ\text{C} \text{ to } 40^\circ\text{C}$	Recommended range
Tas	Storage temp	-10 °C to 70 °C	
RH	Relative humidity	Less than 95% RH	
(O <sub>2</sub> )	Oxygen concentration	21% ± 1% (Standard condition) The sensitivity characteristics are influenced by the variation in oxygen concentration. Please consult FIS for details.	Absolute minimum level: more than 18%

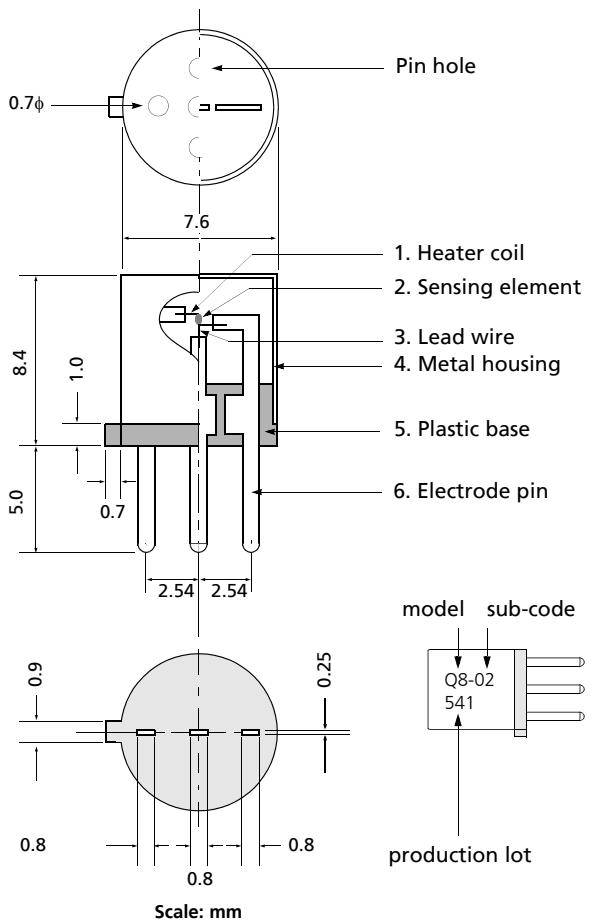
### C. Sensitivity characteristics

Model	SB-AQ8-02		
Symbol	Parameter	Specification	Conditions etc.
$R_S$	Sensor resistance	45kΩ to 180 kΩ	in clean air
$\beta$	Sensitivity	0.1 to 0.5	$R_s$ (at ethylalcohol 10 ppm) $R_s$ in air
Standard Test Conditions:	Temp: $20^\circ\text{C} \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ Humidity: 65% ± 5% (in clean air)	$V_C : 5.0 \text{ V} \pm 1\%$ $V_H : 0.90 \text{ V} \pm 1\%$ $R_L : 10 \text{ k}\Omega \pm 5\%$	Pre-heating time: more than 48 hours

### D. Mechanical characteristics

Items	Conditions	Specifications
Vibration	Frequency: 100 cpm Vertical amplitude: 4 mm Duration: 1 hour	Should satisfy the specifications shown in the sensitivity characteristics after test.
Shock	Acceleration: 100 G Number of impacts: 5 times	

### Dimensions



### E. Parts and Materials

No.	Parts	Materials
1	Heater coil	Platinum
2	Sensing element	Tungsten trioxide
3	Lead wire	Platinum
4	Metal housing	Nickel plated brass
5	Plastic base	PBT (Poly butylene terephthalate)
6	Electrode pins	Iron-nickel alloy