SG01L-E5 (ERYCA_advanced) high precision UV-Index photodiode



General Features



Properties of the ERYCA_advanced photodiode

- DIN5050/ CIE087 UV-Index measurement with very small error < \pm 3%
- TO5 housing, 1 UVI (2,5 µW/cm2) ≈ 2 nA, cosine correction

Information about the UV-Index (UVI)

The UV index is an international standard measurement of how strong the ultraviolet (UV) radiation from the sun is at a particular place on a particular day. It is a scale primarily used in daily forecasts aimed at the general public. The UV-Index is calculated by integrating the sun's UV spectrum multiplied with the Erythema action curve (fig. 1, black curve and fig. 2, formula 1). That integral is divided by 25 mW/m² to generate a convenient index value, which becomes essentially a scale of 0 to 10. The Erythema action curve is a wavelength resolved measure of the sunburn danger. It is maximised at 297nm (UVB) and then strongly decreases towards UVA radiation. Literature: A. F. McKinlay and B. L. Diffey, "A reference action spectrum for ultraviolet induced erythema in human skin" CIE Journal, 6-1, 17-22 (1987)

About the sglux ERYCA sensors

The ERYCA is designed for accurate measurement of the UV-Index. ERYCA's error is <3% only which is sufficiently small for scientific and high performance commercial applications. The ERYCA is available as:

ERYCA_custom (SG01M-E18) photodiode, 0,5nA/UVI (0,20mm² SiC detector chip) **ERYCA_advanced** (SG01L-E5) cosine corrected photodiode, 2nA/UVI (1,0mm² SiC chip) **ERYCA_science** (SG01XL-E5) cosine corrected photodiode, 8nA/UVI (4,0mm² SiC chip) **TOCON_ERYCA** pre-amplified cosine corrected hermetically sealed low noise sensor with 5-15V power supply and approx. 100mV/UVI voltage output (SiC detector chip)

How ERYCA's <3% error is calculated?

A good erythema sensor's response needs to follow the Erythema Action curve (fig 1) as close as possible. Additionally the visible blindness needs to be extremely high as the visible part of sun's radiation exceeds the erythema causing radiation by five orders of magnitude. ERYCA works with a 4H SiC detector chip providing a visible blindness of more than ten orders of magnitude. That means that absolutely no visible light interferes the sensors output value. Sensors with a visible blindness of less than six orders of magnitude are unsuited for UVI measurement even if they match with the CIE curve. ERYCA's curve (fig. 1, red curve) has a near perfect match from 295nm to 320nm. From 320nm a leakage of approx. 0,1% is seen. To find out how that leakage negatively influences the UVI measurement a closer look at different sun spectra (varying tilt angle and ozone layer thickness) is needed. Fig. 4 shows different sun UV spectra issued by the Swiss governmental institute of meteorology. In total nine different sun spectra calculating an UVI from 1,12 to 10,92 were used. For error calculation the different sun spectra were integrated with the Erythema action curve and subsequently the integral of the same spectra with ERYCA's response curve (fig. 2, formula 1 and 2) were calculated. Finally the error was calculated by using formula 3 (fig. 2). As shown by the blue curve (fig. 3) the error of all UVI is less than 3%.

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Manufacturer: sg/ux GmbH; Agent: Boston Electronics, 91 Boylston St, Brookline NA 02445 USA (800)347-5445 or (617)566-3821; fax (617)731-0935; uv@boselec.com ; www.boselec.com

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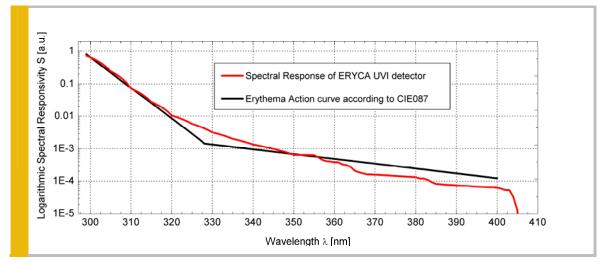


Fig. 2 Calculation Formulae

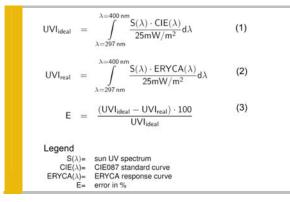
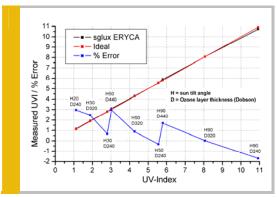


Fig. 3 Error Graph



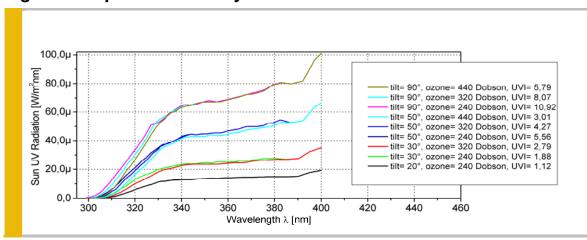


Fig. 4 Sun Spectra Issued by the Swiss Meteo Institute

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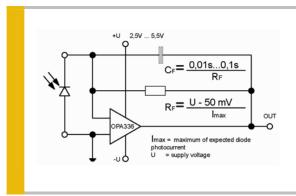
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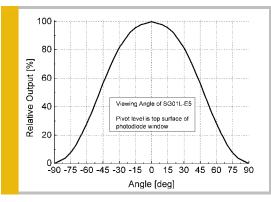
Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Maximum Ratings			
Operating Temperature Range	T_{opt}	-55 +170	°C
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{ m stor}$	-55 +170	°C
Soldering Temperature (3s)	T_{sold}	260	°C
Reverse voltage	V_{Rmax}	20	V
General Characteristics (7=25°C)			
Active Area	А	1,00	mm²
Dark current (1V reverse bias)	I _d	4	fA
Capacitance	С	200	рF
Short circuit (1 UVI)	I ₀	2	nA
Temperature coefficient	Тс	<+0,1	%/K

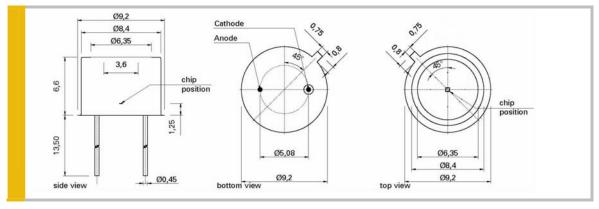
Circuit



Viewing Angle



Drawing



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Application Note for Photodiodes

For correct reading of the photodiode the current (and NOT the voltage) must be analyzed. This requires a short circuiting of the photodiode. Usual approaches are using a **Picoamperemeter** or a **transimpedance amplifier** circuit.

To make the photodiode running reliably, in particular in harsh environment, EMC compatibility and protection against dust, water and mechanical influences is needed. Below listed modules base on a SiC photodiode and guarantee this protection and safety.

TOCONs = UV Sensors with integrated amplifier



- SiC based UV hybrid detector with pre-amplifier (0-15V output), no additional amplifier needed, direct connection to controller, voltmeter, etc.
- Measures intensities from 3,6 pW/cm2 up to 54 W/cm2
- UV broadband, UVA, UVB, UVC or Erythema measurements
- Upgrade to M12x1 housing with Hirschmann connector available

Industrial UV probes



- Different housings e.g. with cosine response, water pressure proof or Sapphire windows
- Different electronic outputs configurable (voltage, current, USB, CAN, LAN)

Laboratory Equipment & Calibration

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The below listed sglux products & services are helpful if you like to learn more about the UV radiation generated by your UV source:

- UV Radiometers for intensity check
- UV Dosimeters for dose control, e.g. curing applications
- UV Controllers to control lamps, valves etc.
- NIST and PTB traceable calibration for all sglux sensors

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